

Mus 444/8

Joseph Lindner, Fium und Tod, Joseph Joseph Lindner, 38

ibg.

45.
8

Partitur

M: März 1736-28^{ter} Aufgang.

In Palm:

G. D. G. M. c. Mart. 1736.





Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and German lyrics. The text is written in a historical script, likely from the 17th or 18th century.

Lyrics (German):

Ich bin der arme Sünder, der alle Welt ist für mich gesündigt. Ich bin der arme Sünder, der alle Welt ist für mich gesündigt.

Im Glauben hat mich Gott geliebt, und ich bin ihm dankbar. Ich bin ihm dankbar, und ich bin ihm dankbar.

Gott ist mein Herr, und ich bin ihm dankbar. Gott ist mein Herr, und ich bin ihm dankbar.

Alle Ehre und Lob.

Ich bin der arme Sünder, der alle Welt ist für mich gesündigt. Ich bin der arme Sünder, der alle Welt ist für mich gesündigt.

Im Glauben hat mich Gott geliebt, und ich bin ihm dankbar. Ich bin ihm dankbar, und ich bin ihm dankbar.

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Gott ist mein Herr, und ich bin ihm dankbar. Gott ist mein Herr, und ich bin ihm dankbar.

Alle Ehre und Lob.



Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the staves.

Salve

Salve

Salve

Salve

Salve

Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the staves.

Jesus Alen

Jesus Alen

Jesus Alen

Jesus Alen

Jesus Alen

Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the staves.

Jesus Alen

Jesus Alen

Jesus Alen

Jesus Alen

Jesus Alen

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and lyrics. The notation includes various note values, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in a historical German script, likely Fraktur or a similar style. The score is organized into systems, with some sections marked by repeat signs and others by specific performance instructions.

Key features of the manuscript include:

- Staffs:** Multiple staves per system, likely representing different vocal parts or instruments.
- Lyrics:** German text written below the staves, often aligned with the musical notes.
- Performance Markings:** Instructions such as "Allegro", "Andante", and "Finis" are visible, indicating tempo and the end of a section.
- Repeat Signs:** Double bar lines with dots, indicating repeated musical phrases.
- Handwritten Annotations:** Some staves have additional markings or corrections written in the margins.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs. The manuscript is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century. The text is written in a cursive script, and the paper shows signs of age and wear.

Continuation of the handwritten musical score. This section includes a vocal line with lyrics written below the notes. The lyrics are in German and appear to be a religious or liturgical text. The notation is dense, with many notes and rests. The paper is aged and shows some staining.

Continuation of the handwritten musical score. This section features more musical notation, including a vocal line with lyrics. The lyrics are in German and continue the text from the previous section. The notation is dense, with many notes and rests. The paper is aged and shows some staining.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and German lyrics. The notation includes various note values, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the staves.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and German lyrics. The notation includes various note values, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the staves.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and German lyrics. The notation includes various note values, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the staves.

Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. The fifth staff contains the text: *auf dem weissen Schnee* written above the notes.

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Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. The fifth staff contains the text: *Ich bringe dich auf dem weissen Schnee* written above the notes.



Choral
Joseph deine Pasfing
Da Capo //

Choral
Gloria. //

169

15.

Joseph Luythys für d. Witt.

a

2

Hant C.

Ober D'Amore

2

Violetto Com.

2

Diulin

Fiola

2

Can. 4.

Alte

Senore

Basz

e

Continu.

Dr. Lalmay
1786.

Choral.

Continuo.

Handwritten musical score for Choral and Continuo. The score is written on multiple staves, featuring various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The text "Choral." is written at the top left, and "Continuo." is written at the top right. The score includes several measures of music, with some measures marked with "1." and "2." indicating first and second endings. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century. The score is written in a single system, with the Choral and Continuo parts written on separate staves. The Choral part is written in a higher register, while the Continuo part is written in a lower register. The score is written in a single system, with the Choral and Continuo parts written on separate staves. The Choral part is written in a higher register, while the Continuo part is written in a lower register. The score is written in a single system, with the Choral and Continuo parts written on separate staves. The Choral part is written in a higher register, while the Continuo part is written in a lower register.

Handwritten musical score for Continuo. The score is written on multiple staves, featuring various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The text "Continuo." is written at the top right. The score includes several measures of music, with some measures marked with "1." and "2." indicating first and second endings. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century. The score is written in a single system, with the Continuo part written on separate staves. The Continuo part is written in a lower register. The score is written in a single system, with the Continuo part written on separate staves. The Continuo part is written in a lower register.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. Above the staves, there are handwritten annotations including "un poco allu." and "accomp:". The page is numbered "7" in the top right corner. The manuscript is written in a cursive style, typical of 18th or 19th-century musical notation.

Choral Capriccio

Handwritten musical score for Violino 1. The score is written on 11 staves. The first staff is labeled "Violino 1.º". The music is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "tutti", "pp.", "f", and "un poco all.". The score concludes with the word "Coral" written in a large, decorative script.

Viola. 1.

Viola. 1.

1. *Mare furor.*

ad.

pp. *ppp.*

in poco all.

ad.

2.

for.

in poco all.

4. *Fine*

Viola 2.

12

1. *Mouris fortissimo* *p.*

adagio. *pp.* *in parallelo.* *ad.* *pp.*

2. *fort.*

3. *Capo*

The musical score is written on ten staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The notation is dense, with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The first staff has a first ending bracket labeled '1.' and a dynamic marking 'Mouris fortissimo' followed by 'p.'. The second staff has a dynamic marking 'adagio.' followed by 'pp.' and 'in parallelo.'. The third staff has a dynamic marking 'ad.' followed by 'pp.'. The fourth staff has a dynamic marking 'pp.'. The fifth staff has a dynamic marking 'pp.'. The sixth staff has a dynamic marking 'pp.'. The seventh staff has a dynamic marking 'pp.'. The eighth staff has a dynamic marking 'pp.'. The ninth staff has a dynamic marking 'pp.'. The tenth staff has a dynamic marking 'pp.'. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Choral.

Viola.

13

Handwritten musical score for Viola and Choral parts. The score is written on ten staves. The first staff is for the Viola, and the second staff is for the Choral. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first system of the Viola part is marked with a first ending bracket. The Choral part has a first ending bracket. The score includes a section labeled "Recitat." (Recitative) and a section labeled "Choral Capo".

First system of Viola part: *pp. firs.* *pp. firs.*

Second system of Viola part: *pp.* *firs.*

Third system of Viola part: *pp.* *firs.*

Fourth system of Viola part: *pp.* *firs.*

Fifth system of Viola part: *pp.* *firs.*

Sixth system of Viola part: *pp.* *firs.*

Seventh system of Viola part: *pp.* *firs.*

Eighth system of Viola part: *pp.* *firs.*

Ninth system of Viola part: *pp.* *firs.*

Tenth system of Viola part: *pp.* *firs.*

Choral part: *pp.* *firs.*

Recitat. section: *pp.* *firs.*

Choral Capo section: *pp.* *firs.*

Choral.

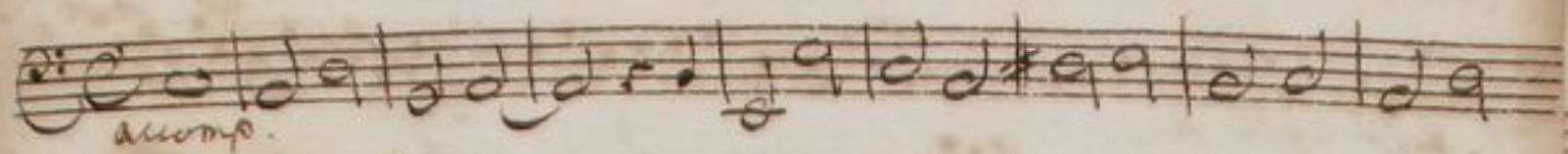
Violone

114

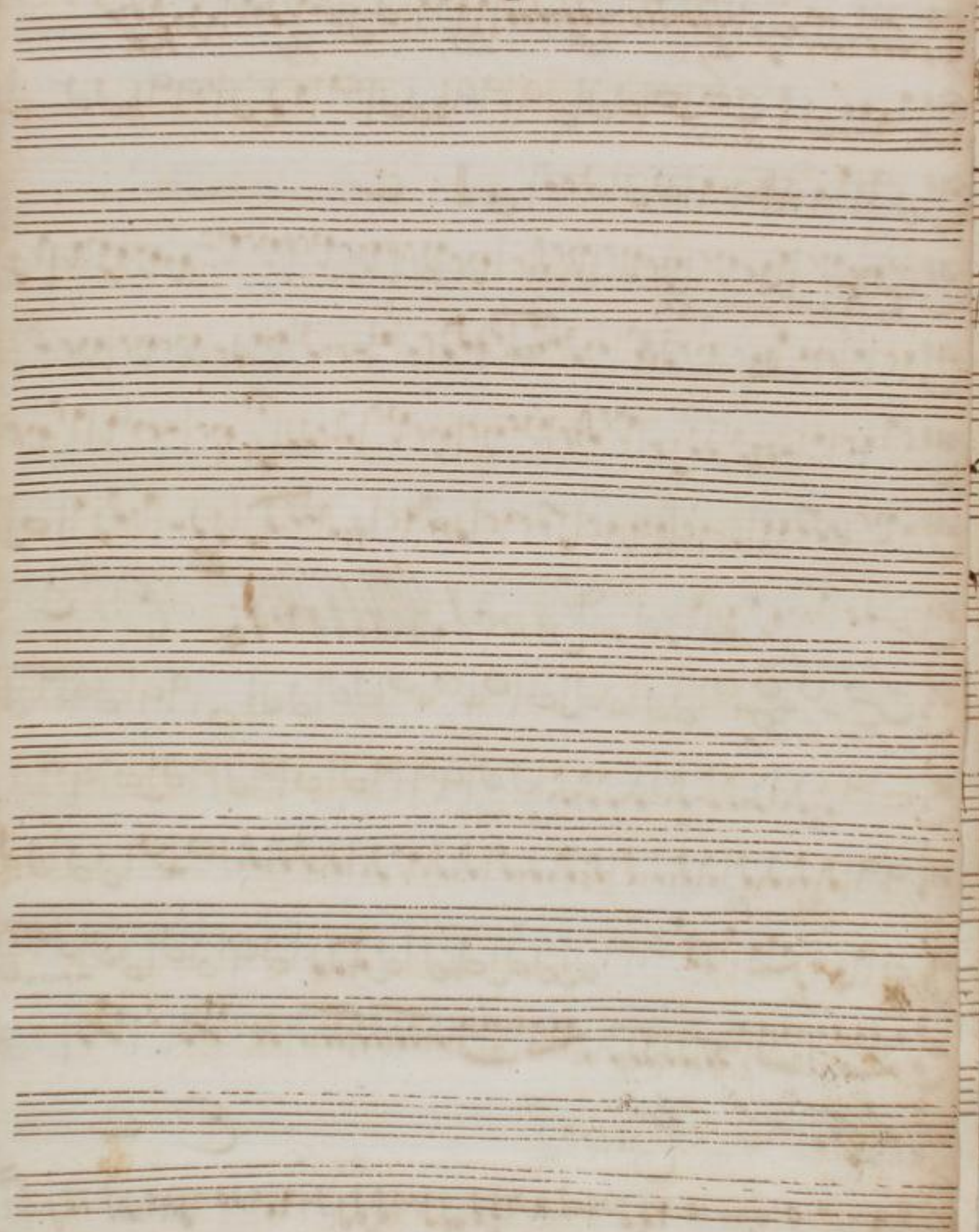
Handwritten musical score for Violone and Choral. The score is written on 18 staves, with the top two staves for the Choral and the remaining 16 staves for the Violone. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The score includes various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The Choral part is written in a soprano and alto clef, while the Violone part is written in a bass clef. The score is divided into several sections, with repeat signs and first/second endings. The final section is marked "Capo" and "volte".

Key markings and annotations include:

- For the first time* (written above the first staff)
- Fay: tutti* (written below the first staff)
- Fay: tutti* (written below the second staff)
- Fay: tutti* (written below the third staff)
- Fay: tutti* (written below the fourth staff)
- Fay: tutti* (written below the fifth staff)
- Recit:* (written below the sixth staff)
- For the second time* (written above the seventh staff)
- 1.* (written above the eighth staff)
- 2.* (written above the ninth staff)
- Capo* (written above the tenth staff)
- pianissimo* (written below the tenth staff)
- Mais fort* (written below the eleventh staff)
- adu.* (written below the twelfth staff)
- pp.* (written below the thirteenth staff)
- impetuoso* (written below the fourteenth staff)
- adu.* (written below the fifteenth staff)
- pp.* (written below the sixteenth staff)
- impetuoso* (written below the seventeenth staff)
- Capo* (written above the eighteenth staff)
- accomp.* (written below the eighteenth staff)
- volte* (written below the eighteenth staff)



Choral Haps *M.*



Choral

Violone Rip.

15

Handwritten musical score for Choral and Violone Rip. The score is written on ten staves. The first five staves are for the Choral part, and the last five staves are for the Violone Rip part. The music is written in a single system, with the Choral part on the left and the Violone Rip part on the right. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and bar lines. The paper is aged and shows some staining.

Recit:

Recit.

pianissimo

impeto all'

impeto all'

accomp.
piano.

Choral Haps

Flaut. 4. Fr.

16



Oboe d'Amore.

17.



Canto. 1.

[Handwritten musical score for voice and piano, featuring German lyrics about Jerusalem and Zion.]

un peu plus.

Handwritten musical score on four staves. The lyrics are in German and Hebrew. The first staff contains the melody, and the subsequent staves contain the accompaniment. The lyrics are: "In Jesu Namen, dein Blut - mayst mit dir Himmel haben, in Himmel haben, auf, auf denn will Zion fro - luf, fro - luf auf denn will Zion fro - luf fro - luf seyn." The piece ends with a double bar line and the word "Capo".

Accomp. || Choral Capo

Alto

20

1. Jesu lay den Wein, und loß Jesu diese Wein, den
Jesu seine passion 1. ist mir lauter fromer
haben Menschen die mich soß, seitdem ich verbrühen.
eine Wunden von mir soß, meine Leiden alle
Menschen, soß die Wunden ab, wie sind die Wunden worden,
meine Tod auf Wunden soß, wie ich von Wunden
sollen können auf dem Grab, in der Engel Orden.
in dem Himmel eine Wunde mir verbleiben, soß.

Recitat Aria Recitat Aria

Ich soß mich auf einen Dornen, mein Heiland, soß
mich in der Flammen Geist, auf ja! Du weißt, wie ich mich und wie ich mich
sehen, bei dem Dorn, bei dem Dorn ist, weil du dich blut und
loß mich Dornen tilgen bist.

Choral Flapo.



